### 48V 150W 1 Phase / PMT-48V150W1A



### **Highlights & Features**

- AC input voltage range selectable by switch (90-132Vac, 180-264Vac)
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A
- High MTBF > 700,000 hrs as per Telcordia SR-332
- Versatile configuration options (Enclosed, L Frame)
- Versatile connector options (Terminal Block, Front Face, Harness)

### **Safety Standards**







CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x D):** 178 x 97 x 38 mm

PMT-48V150W1A□□ 0.48 kg (1.06 lb) (7.01 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch)

### **General Description**

The new PMT series of panel mount power supplies is the latest offering from one of the world's largest power supply manufacturers and solution providers - Delta. The product offers a wide operating temperature range from -10°C to +70°C and can withstand shock and vibration requirements (in accordance to IEC 60068-2-27 and IEC 60068-2-6 respectively). In addition to features like overvoltage and overload protections, Delta's PMT series of panel mount power supplies is unlike many other brands in the same price level. The PMT series is designed for cost competitive markets without compromising the quality of the components and product specifications. The series of products has an expected life time of 10 years. This versatile series has three different connector options (Terminal Block, Front Face and Harness) and can also be converted into L Frame (PML) type of power supplies to satisfy different application needs.

### **Model Information**

### PMT Panel Mount Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
PMT-48V150W1A□□	90-132Vac, 180-264Vac (Selectable by Switch)	48Vdc	3.30A

### **Model Numbering**

							CC Code**
PM	□-	48V	150W	1	Α		
Panel Mount	Product Type T – Enclosed L – L Frame*	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	No PFC	Connector Type A – Terminal Block G – Front Face* H – Harness*	Blank – Without connector cover A – With connector cover C – With conformal coating and connector cover

<sup>\*</sup>Options



<sup>\*\*</sup>For Enclosed type with Terminal Block

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### **Specifications**

### Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage		100-120Vac, 200-240Vac (Selectable by Switch)	
Input Voltage Range		90-132Vac, 180-264Vac (Selectable by Switch)	
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60Hz	
Input Frequency Range		47-63Hz	
Input Current		< 3.00A @ 115Vac, < 2.00A @ 230Vac	
Efficiency at 100% Load		89.0% typ. @ 230Vac	
Max Power Dissipation	0% load	0.89W typ. @ 230Vac	
	100% load	18.64W typ. @ 230Vac	
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		< 45A @ 230Vac	
Leakage Current		< 0.5mA @ 240Vac	

### Output Ratings / Characteristics\*

Nominal Output Voltage	48Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	48Vdc ± 1%
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	45.6-52.8Vdc
Output Current	3.30A (158.4W max.)
Output Power	158.4W
Line Regulation	± 0.5% typ. (@ 100-132Vac & 200-264Vac, 100% load)
Load Regulation	± 0.5% typ. (@ 100-132Vac & 200-264Vac, 0-100% load)
PARD** (20MHz)	< 200mVpp @ 0°C to 50°C < 300mVpp @ -10°C to 0°C
Rise Time	< 30ms @ 115Vac, < 20ms @ 230Vac (100% load)
Start-up Time	< 1200ms @ 115Vac, < 800ms @ 230Vac (100% load)
Hold-up Time	> 20ms @ 115Vac, > 24ms @ 230Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/µS, 50% duty cycle @ 5Hz)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	3,000µF Max

<sup>\*</sup>For power de-rating from 50°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3.



<sup>\*\*</sup>PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor &  $47\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor.

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### Mechanical

Case Chassis		Aluminium	
Case Cover		SGCC	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		178 x 97 x 38 mm (7.01 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch)	
Unit Weight		0.48 kg (1.06 lb)	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	PM□-48V150W1A <u>A</u> □	M3.5 x 7 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)	
	PM□-48V150W1A <u>G</u>	M3.5 x 7 Pins (Rated 300V/20A)	
	PM□-48V150W1A <u>H</u>	I/P (JWT): A3963WV2-5P-A	
		O/P (JWT): A3963WV2-7P-U	
Wire	PM□-48V150W1A <u>A</u> □	AWG 22-12	
	PM□-48V150W1A <u>G</u>		
	PM□-48V150W1A <u>H</u>	AWG 22-18 (For the recommended Mating Connector and Terminal, please refer to the Table on Page 8)	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA	

### Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-10°C to +70°C -25°C to +85°C	
	Storage		
Power De-rating		> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C < 100Vac de-rate power by 3% / 1V	
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.)	
Shock Test Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine: 50G for a duration of 11ms 3 times per direction, 18 times in total	
Vibration Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5Hz to 500Hz @ 2.09Grms, 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction	
Over Voltage Category		II	
Pollution Degree		2	

### **Protections**

Overvoltage	115-135%, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	110-150%, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Internal Fuse at L pin	T5AH
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

<sup>\*</sup>PE: Primary Earth



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### Reliability Data

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

### Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV (EN 60950-1)	
Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart	EN 60950-1	
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881)	
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1	
	CCC	GB4943	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac	
	Input to Ground	2.0KVac	
	Output to Ground	0.5KVac	

### **EMC**

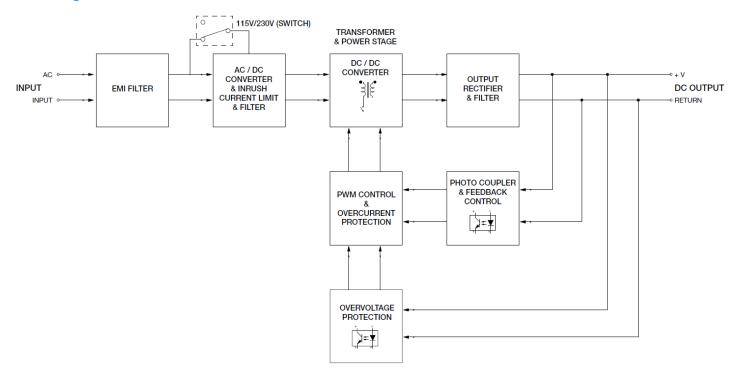
Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 32, EN 55032, FCC Title 47: Class B
Immunity		
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 2 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 3V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 2 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 2 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 3Vrms
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 1A/Meter
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3

Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
 Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
 Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

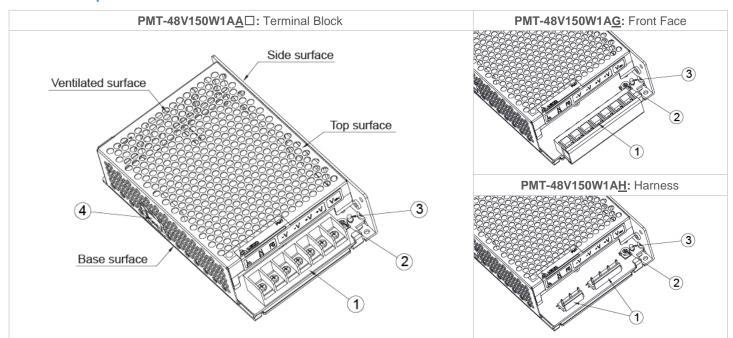


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### **Block Diagram**



### **Device Description**



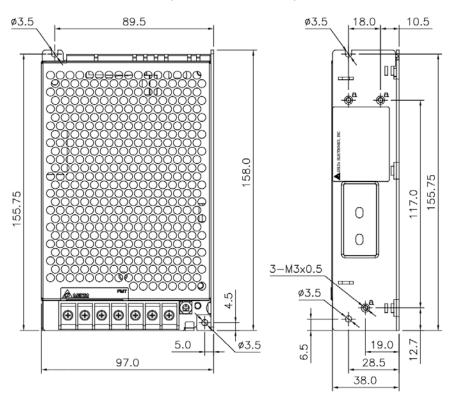
- 1) Input & Output terminal block connector
- 2) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 3) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 4) AC selectable switch

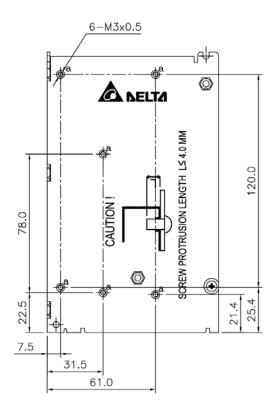


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### **Dimensions**

**L x W x D:** 178 x 97 x 38 mm (7.01 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch)







### 48V 150W 1 Phase / PMT-48V150W1A

### **Engineering Data**

### Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

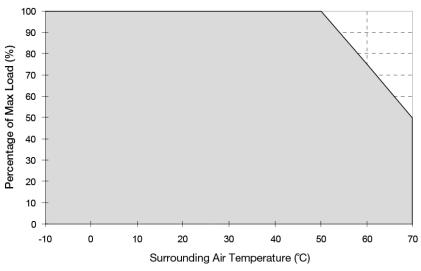
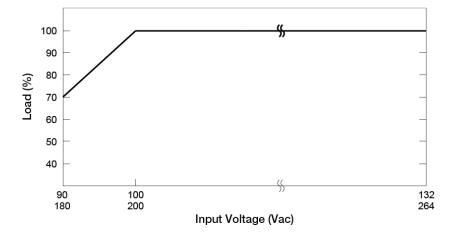


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical and Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

#### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 20 mm (0.79 inch) with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.

### Output Load De-rating VS. Input Voltage



 No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 100Vac to 132Vac & 200Vac to 264Vac

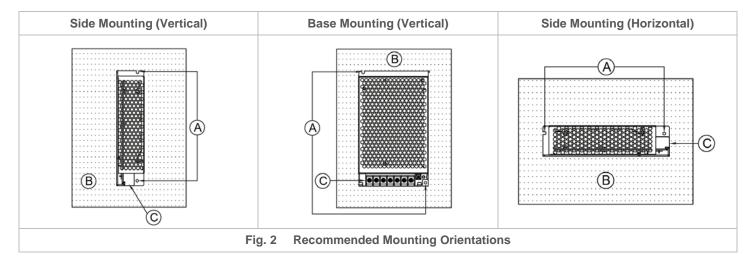


### 48V 150W 1 Phase / PMT-48V150W1A

### **Assembly & Installation**

Mounting holes for power supply assembly onto the mounting surface.

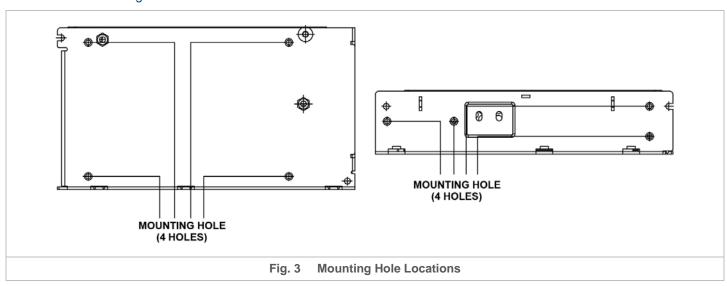
- The power supply shall be mounted on minimum 2 mounting holes using M3 screw minimum 5mm (0.20 inch) length.
- B This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.
- © Connector



- PM□-48V150W1AA□ / PM□-48V150W1AG: Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 22-12. The torque at the connector shall not exceed 13Kgf.cm (11.23 lbf.in). The insulation stripping length should not exceed 0.275" or 7mm.
- PM□-48V150W1AH: Please refer the table below for the recommended mating connector, terminal and AWG wire size.

	Header (Board Mounting)	Mating Connector	Terminal	AWG
Input (JWT)	A3963WV2-5P-A	A3963H02-5P	A3963T0P-2	22-18
Output (JWT)	A3963WV2-7P-U	A3963H02-7P	A390310F-2	22-10

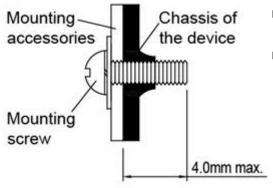
### Installation of Mounting Accessories



With reference to Fig. 3, the device should be mounted on a sturdy heat conducting surface with minimum of 4 mounting holes for base mounting or 3 mounting holes for side mounting. Use M3 screws only.



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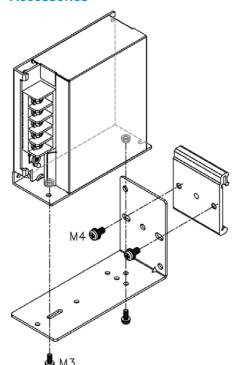
- Only use M3 screw ≤ 4.0 mm (0.16 inch) through the base and side mounting holes. This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.
- Recommended mounting tightening torque: 4~7Kgf.cm (3.47~6.08 lbf.in).

Fig. 4 Mounting Screw

### Safety Instructions

- Must select correct AC input voltage before turning on (Refer to the "Device Description" on Page 5).
- If user's mounting orientation is not according to the recommended mounting orientations, please consult Delta for further information.
- To ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a safety distance of ≥ 20mm (0.79 inch) from all ventilated surfaces while
  the device is in operation.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surfaces, for example, plastics.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause electric shock, safety hazard, fire and/or product failure.
- The power supply must be mounted by metal screws onto a grounded metal surface. It is also highly recommended that the Earth terminal on the connector be connected to the grounded metal surface.
- Warning (For Standard Terminal Block and Front Face Terminal Block products): When connecting the device, secure Earth
  connection before connecting L and N. When disconnecting the device, remove L and N connections before removing the Earth
  connection.

### **Accessories**



L-02: Latch P-03: Bracket

These accessories are used to mount the panel mount power supply onto a DIN rail.



### 48V 150W 1 Phase / PMT-48V150W1A

### **Functions**

### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

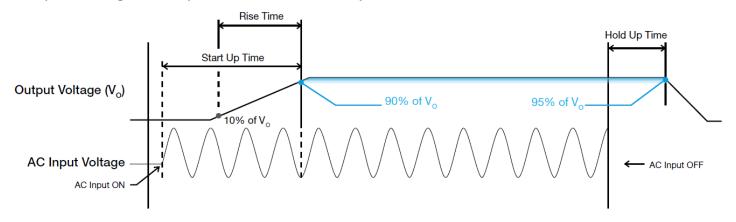
### Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

### Hold-up Time

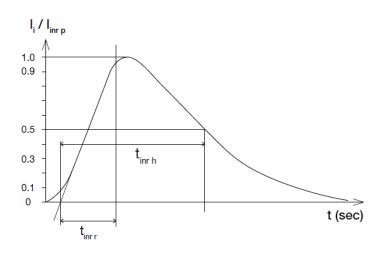
Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

### ■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



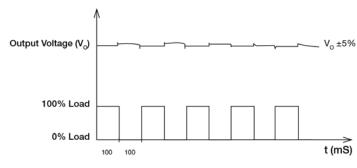
#### **Inrush Current**

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



### Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 5\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.

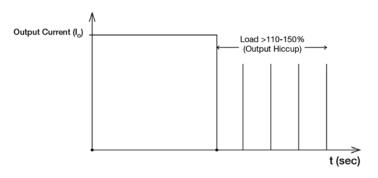




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### Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 110-150% of Io (Max load). In such occurrence, the Vo will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and Io is back within the specifications.



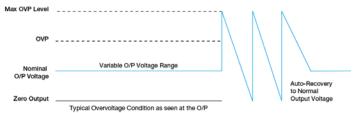
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Io when it is <110-150% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

### Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

### Overvoltage Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



### Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the derating graph.



### 48V 150W 1 Phase / PMT-48V150W1A

### **Operating Mode**

### Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.45~0.50V for these 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then  $V_0$  of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect each power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 85-264Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

#### Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to Vin 1 & Vin 2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

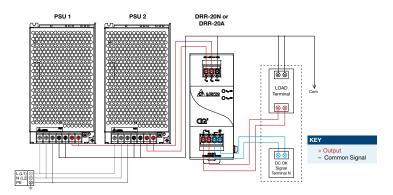


Fig. 5 Redundancy Operation Connection Diagram

### Step 3.

Connect the system load from  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_O$  (output voltage of power supply)  $-V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

### Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

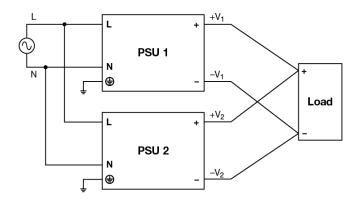


Fig. 6 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



<sup>\*</sup>V<sub>drop</sub> will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

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### **Others**

### **Delta RoHS Compliant**



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

### **Line Current Harmonic content**



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

